

*Annual Drinking Water Quality Report for 2010
Town of Brunswick
336 Town Office Road
Troy, New York 12180*

INTRODUCTION

To comply with State regulations, The Town of Brunswick will be annually issuing a report describing the quality of your drinking water. The purpose of this report is to raise your understanding of drinking water and awareness of the need to protect our drinking water sources. Last year, we conducted tests for over 11 contaminants. We are proud to report that last year the Town's tap water met all state drinking water health standards in all of the thirteen water districts. Two bad samples were taken which showed above acceptable limits for coliform. Four (4) follow up samples were taken for each and were within regulation limits. This report provides an overview of last year's water quality. Included are details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to State standards.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your drinking water, please contact **Doug Eddy, Superintendent of Highways and Supt. of Utilities at (518) 279-3461 Ext. 112**. We want you to be informed about your drinking water. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled town board meetings. The meetings are held on the second Thursday of each month at 7:00 PM in the Town Offices located at 336 Town Office Road (518) 279-3461.

WHERE DOES OUR WATER COME FROM?

In general, the sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activities. Contaminants that may be present in source water include: microbial contaminants; inorganic contaminants; pesticides and herbicides; organic chemical contaminants; and radioactive contaminants. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the State and the EPA prescribe regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The State Health Department's and the FDA's regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

The Town of Brunswick purchases its water from the City of Troy. The City of Troy draws its water from a "surface water" supply, the Tomhannock Reservoir which is located 6 ½ miles northeast of the City. See attached City of Troy Annual Drinking Water Quality Report for the year 2010 which describes the City Water Treatment process. During 2010, our water system did not experience any restriction of our water source.

Information concerning the Source Water Assessment is available from the City of Troy Water Plant, 25 Water Plant Rd, Troy, NY 12182 (518)237-0319.

Facts and Figures

The Town of Brunswick water system serves water to approximately 6612 residents of the Town of Brunswick as well as the commercial customers within the Town through over 2650 service connections. The Town receives water from the City of Troy through a metered connection at the intersection of North Lake Avenue and Yates Street and a metered connection at South Lake Avenue and Hunter Lane. Town water is fed by gravity from the City of Troy Tibbets Avenue water tank along North Lake Avenue, Hoosick Road, South Lake Avenue and Brunswick Road. The water is pumped and re-chlorinated at a booster pump station located at the Vanderheyden Reservoir to a 2,000,000 gallon steel storage reservoir which feeds the remaining distribution system including Rt. 142, Rt. 7, Rt. 278 and Rt. 2. The Town also has a water booster pump station in Cropsyville where the water is again re-chlorinated. The total water purchased from the City of Troy in the billing period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2010 was 252,514,000 gallons. All services are metered. A total of 195,625,000 gallons was billed to customers. As a result a total of 56,889,000 gallons of water or 23% was lost in the transmission and distribution system. This can be attributed to water usage for fire protection, flushing, new construction of mains, water main breaks and leaks. Our average daily demand is 670,000 gallons. Our single highest day was 1.4 million gallons. The Town of Brunswick charges \$4.73 per 1000 gallons and pays the City of Troy \$3.432 per thousand. The average amount charged per household is \$300.00.

ARE THERE CONTAMINANTS IN OUR DRINKING WATER?

We test your drinking water for inorganic contaminants, radiological contaminants, lead and copper, nitrate, volatile organic contaminants, and synthetic organic contaminants. In addition, we are required to test a minimum of eight samples for coliform bacteria each month. The table presented depicts which contaminants were detected in your drinking water. The State allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, is more than one year old and is noted. For listing of all the parameters that we must analyze and the frequency of testing for compliance with the NYS Sanitary Code, see Appendix A.

It should be noted that all drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily pose a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791) or the Rensselaer County Health Department at (518) 270-2674.

Definitions:

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Non-Detects (ND): Laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.

Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU): A measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person.

Milligrams per liter (mg/l): Corresponds to one part of liquid in one million parts of liquid (parts per million - ppm).

Micrograms per liter (ug/l): Corresponds to one part of liquid in one billion parts of liquid (parts per billion - ppb).

Nanograms per liter (ng/l): Corresponds to one part of liquid to one trillion parts of liquid (parts per trillion - ppt).

Picograms per liter (pg/l): Corresponds to one part per of liquid to one quadrillion parts of liquid (parts per quadrillion – ppq).

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L): A measure of the radioactivity in water.

Millirems per year (mrem/yr): A measure of radiation absorbed by the body.

Million Fibers per Liter (MFL): A measure of the presence of asbestos fibers that are longer than 10 micrometers.

WHAT DOES THIS INFORMATION MEAN?

As you can see from the table, our system had no violations. We have learned through our testing that some contaminants have been detected; however, these contaminants were detected below New York State requirements. They are indicated in the table.

We are required to present the following information on lead in drinking water. If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women, infants, and young children. It is possible that lead levels at your home may be higher than at other homes in the community as a result of materials used in your home's plumbing. The Town of Brunswick is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791) or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

IS OUR WATER SYSTEM MEETING OTHER RULES THAT GOVERN OPERATIONS?

During 2010, our system was in compliance with applicable State drinking water operating, monitoring and reporting requirements.

DO I NEED TO TAKE SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS?

Although our drinking water met or exceeded state and federal regulations, some people may be more vulnerable to disease causing microorganisms or pathogens in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice from their health care provider about their drinking water. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium, Giardia and other microbial pathogens are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

WHY SAVE WATER AND HOW TO AVOID WASTING IT?

Although our system has an adequate amount of water to meet present and future demands, there are a number of reasons why it is important to conserve water:

- ♦ Saving water saves energy and some of the costs associated with both of these necessities of life;
- ♦ Saving water reduces the cost of energy required to pump water and the need to construct costly new wells, pumping systems and water towers; and
- ♦ Saving water lessens the strain on the water system during a dry spell or drought, helping to avoid severe water use restrictions so that essential fire fighting needs are met.

You can play a role in conserving water by becoming conscious of the amount of water your household is using, and by looking for ways to use less whenever you can. It is not hard to conserve water. Conservation tips include:

- ♦ Automatic dishwashers use 15 gallons for every cycle, regardless of how many dishes are loaded. So get a run for your money and load it to capacity.
- ♦ Turn off the tap when brushing your teeth.
- ♦ Check every faucet in your home for leaks. Just a slow drip can waste 15 to 20 gallons a day. Fix it up and you can save almost 6,000 gallons per year.
- ♦ Check your toilets for leaks by putting a few drops of food coloring in the tank, watch for a few minutes to see if the color shows up in the bowl. It is not uncommon to lose up to 100 gallons a day from one of these otherwise invisible toilet leaks. Fix it and you save more than 30,000 gallons a year.
- ♦ Use your water meter to detect hidden leaks. Simply turn off all taps and water using appliances, Then check the meter after 15 minutes, If it moved, you have a leak.

SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS

During 2010 the Town of Poestenkill contracted with the City of Troy to buy water. The closest connection was at the intersection of Menemsha Lane and Pleasantview Avenue in the Town of Brunswick. The Town of Brunswick entered into agreement with the Town of Poestenkill to deliver water through Brunswick's water system and the Town of Poestenkill agreed to and constructed approximately 7800 linear feet of water main with all appurtenances to the Brunswick Town line. The Town of Poestenkill also agreed to contribute to the installation of three new pressure regulation valve pits to maintain flow rates and pressures to both Towns. Poestenkill will also contribute approximately half the cost of an emergency generator at the Vanderheyden Reservoir water pump station.

CLOSING

Thank you for allowing us to continue to provide your family with quality drinking water this year. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community. Please call our office if you have questions.

TOWN OF BRUNSWICK
Water Test Results Brunswick Consolidated Water District No. 4
(Public Water Supply Identification Number NY 4110144)

2010 Annual Water Quality Report

Table of Detected Contaminants

Contaminant	Violation Yes/No	Date of Sample	Value or Average	Low	High	Unit measurement	MCLG	Regulatory Limit (MCL TT or AL)	Likely source of contamination
Dibromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			Formed by reaction of Chlorine with naturally occurring organics
Dichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	12.12	3.0	23.6	Ug/l			
Monobromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Monochloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	13.1	<2.0	48.0	Ug/l			
Trichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	9.6	<1.0	17.2	Ug/l			
Total haloacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	34.01	5.3	69.0	Ug/l		60	
Chloroform	No	Quarterly	51.7	23.6	71.7	Ug/l			
Bromodichloromethane	No	Quarterly	8.35	5.3	10.2	Ug/l			
Dibromochloromethane	No	Quarterly	1.21	<1.0	1.7	Ug/l			
Bromoform	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Total Trihalomethane	No	Quarterly	61.08	28.9	82.3	Ug/l		80 A violation occurs if the running annual average of the four most recent sets of quarterly samples exceeds 80 (ug/l)	
Copper	No	Annually	0.032	<.02	0.14			<0.02-1.3	
Lead	Yes	Annually	0.0007	<0.001	0.008			<0.001-0.015	
Microbiological (Bacteria)									
Coliform	54	Negative	A violation occurs when more than 5.0% of the total coliform samples are positive						
1 Positive samples of 55 taken									
E Coli	No	A violation occurs when a total coliform positive sample is positive for E Coli							
No positive samples of 55 taken									
Nitrates (as N)		January Annually				Mg/l		<0.2-10	Fertilizers, animal waste, wastes

TOWN OF BRUNSWICK
Water Test Results District No. 1
(Public Water Supply Identification Number NY 4100052)

2010 Annual Water Quality Report

Table of Detected Contaminants

Contaminant	Violation Yes/No	Date of Sample	Value or Average	Low	High	Unit measurement	MCLG	Regulatory Limit (MCL TT or AL)	Likely source of contamination	
Dibromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			Formed by reaction of Chlorine with naturally occurring organics	
Dichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	17.7	13.5	21.9	Ug/l				
Monobromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l				
Monochloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	Ug/l				
Trichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	15.0	10.0	20.0	Ug/l				
Total haloacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	32.7	23.5	41.9	Ug/l		60		
Chloroform	No	Quarterly	40.55	39.7	41.4	Ug/l				
Bromodichloromethane	No	Quarterly	7.45	6.2	8.7	Ug/l				
Dibromochloromethane	No	Quarterly	0.9	<1.0	1.3	Ug/l				
Bromoform	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l				
Total Trihalomethane	No	Quarterly	48.65	45.9	51.4	Ug/l		80 A violation occurs if the running annual average of the four most recent sets of quarterly samples exceeds 80 (ug/l)		
Microbiological (Bacteria)										
Coliform	No	Negative	No positive samples of 22 taken							A violation occurs when more than 5.0% of the total coliform samples are positive
E Coli	No	No positive samples of 22 taken							A violation occurs when a total coliform positive sample is positive for E Coli	
Nitrates (as N)	No	January Annually	0.3	0.3	0.3	Mg/l		<0.2-10	Fertilizers, animal waste, wastes	

TOWN OF BRUNSWICK
Water Test Results District No. 2
(Public Water Supply Identification Number NY 4100053)

2010 Annual Water Quality Report

Table of Detected Contaminants

Contaminant	Violation Yes/No	Date of Sample	Value or Average	Low	High	Unit measurement	MCLG	Regulatory Limit (MCL TT or AL)	Likely source of contamination	
Dibromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			Formed by reaction of Chlorine with naturally occurring organics	
Dichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	18.65	13.8	23.5	Ug/l				
Monobromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l				
Monochloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	Ug/l				
Trichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	14.25	10.1	18.4	Ug/l				
Total haloacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	32.9	23.9	41.9	Ug/l		60		
Chloroform	No	Quarterly	42.7	41.6	43.8	Ug/l				
Bromodichloromethane	No	Quarterly	7.7	6.2	9.2	Ug/l				
Dibromochloromethane	No	Quarterly	0.9	<1.0	1.3	Ug/l				
Bromoform	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l				
Total Trihalomethane	No	Quarterly	51.05	47.8	54.3	Ug/l		80 A violation occurs if the running annual average of the four most recent sets of quarterly samples exceeds 80 (ug/l)		
Microbiological (Bacteria)										
Coliform	No	Negative	No positive samples of 15 taken							A violation occurs when more than 5.0% of the total coliform samples are positive
E Coli	No	No positive samples of 15 taken							A violation occurs when a total coliform positive sample is positive for E Coli	
Nitrates (as N)	No	January Annually	0.3	0.3	0.3	Mg/l		<0.2-10	Fertilizers, animal waste, wastes	

TOWN OF BRUNSWICK
Water Test Results District No. 2A
(Public Water Supply Identification Number NY 4130277)

2010 Annual Water Quality Report

Table of Detected Contaminants

Contaminant	Violation Yes/No	Date of Sample	Value or Average	Low	High	Unit measurement	MCLG	Regulatory Limit (MCL TT or AL)	Likely source of contamination
Dibromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			Formed by reaction of Chlorine with naturally occurring organics
Dichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	17.45	13.8	21.1	Ug/l			
Monobromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Monochloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	2.0	<2.0	2.1	Ug/l			
Trichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	15.1	10.2	20.0	Ug/l			
Total haloacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	33.6	26.1	41.1	Ug/l		60	
Chloroform	No	Quarterly	39.25	33.8	44.7	Ug/l			
Bromodichloromethane	No	Quarterly	6.95	5.4	8.5	Ug/l			
Dibromochloromethane	No	Quarterly	0.9	<1.0	1.3	Ug/l			
Bromoform	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Total Trihalomethane	No	Quarterly	47.0	39.2	54.8	Ug/l		80 A violation occurs if the running annual average of the four most recent sets of quarterly samples exceeds 80 (ug/l)	
Microbiological (Bacteria)									
Coliform	No	Negative	A violation occurs when more than 5.0% of the total coliform samples are positive						
E Coli	No	A violation occurs when a total coliform positive sample is positive for E Coli							
Nitrates (as N)	No	January Annually	0.3	0.3	0.3	Mg/l		<0.2-10	Fertilizers, animal waste, wastes

TOWN OF BRUNSWICK
Water Test Results District No. 3
(Public Water Supply Identification Number NY 4100054)

2010 Annual Water Quality Report

Table of Detected Contaminants

Contaminant	Violation Yes/No	Date of Sample	Value or Average	Low	High	Unit measurement	MCLG	Regulatory Limit (MCL TT or AL)	Likely source of contamination	
Dibromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			Formed by reaction of Chlorine with naturally occurring organics	
Dichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	19.15	17.5	20.8	Ug/l				
Monobromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l				
Monochloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<2.0	<2.0	2.4	Ug/l				
Trichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	14.5	13.3	15.7	Ug/l				
Total haloacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	34.85	33.2	36.5	Ug/l		60		
Chloroform	No	Quarterly	51.25	50.5	52.0	Ug/l				
Bromodichloromethane	No	Quarterly	8.1	7.5	8.7	Ug/l				
Dibromochloromethane	No	Quarterly	1.15	1.1	1.2	Ug/l				
Bromoform	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l				
Total Trihalomethane	No	Quarterly	60.5	60.4	60.6	Ug/l		80 A violation occurs if the running annual average of the four most recent sets of quarterly samples exceeds 80 (ug/l)		
Microbiological (Bacteria)										
Coliform	No	Negative	No positive samples of 16 taken							A violation occurs when more than 5.0% of the total coliform samples are positive
E Coli	No	No positive samples of 16 taken							A violation occurs when a total coliform positive sample is positive for E Coli	
Nitrates (as N)	No	January Annually	0.2	0.2	0.2	Mg/l		<0.2-10	Fertilizers, animal waste, wastes	

TOWN OF BRUNSWICK
Water Test Results District No. 4
(Public Water Supply Identification Number NY 4110144)

2010 Annual Water Quality Report

Table of Detected Contaminants

Contaminant	Violation Yes/No	Date of Sample	Value or Average	Low	High	Unit measurement	MCLG	Regulatory Limit (MCL TT or AL)	Likely source of contamination
Dibromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			Formed by reaction of Chlorine with naturally occurring organics
Dichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	4.9	4.5	5.3	Ug/l			
Monobromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Monochloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	Ug/l			
Trichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	8.85	7.5	10.2	Ug/l			
Total haloacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	13.75	12.0	15.5	Ug/l		60	
Chloroform	No	Quarterly	60.15	56.4	63.9	Ug/l			
Bromodichloromethane	No	Quarterly	9.2	8.4	10.0	Ug/l			
Dibromochloromethane	No	Quarterly	1.4	1.1	1.7	Ug/l			
Bromoform	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Total Trihalomethane	No	Quarterly	70.75	65.9	75.6	Ug/l		80 A violation occurs if the running annual average of the four most recent sets of quarterly samples exceeds 80 (ug/l)	
Microbiological (Bacteria)									
Coliform	No	Negative							
No positive samples of 9 taken			A violation occurs when more than 5.0% of the total coliform samples are positive						
E Coli	No								
No positive samples of 9 taken			A violation occurs when a total coliform positive sample is positive for E Coli						
Nitrates (as N)	No	January Annually	0.2	0.2	0.2	Mg/l		<0.2-10	Fertilizers, animal waste, wastes

TOWN OF BRUNSWICK
Water Test Results District No. 5
(Public Water Supply Identification Number NY 4100055)

2010 Annual Water Quality Report

Table of Detected Contaminants

Contaminant	Violation Yes/No	Date of Sample	Value or Average	Low	High	Unit measurement	MCLG	Regulatory Limit (MCL TT or AL)	Likely source of contamination
Dibromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			Formed by reaction of Chlorine with naturally occurring organics
Dichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	13.9	11.7	16.1	Ug/l			
Monobromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Monochloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	Ug/l			
Trichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	13.35	11.3	15.4	Ug/l			
Total haloacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	27.25	23.0	31.5	Ug/l		60	
Chloroform	No	Quarterly	50.9	49.4	52.4	Ug/l			
Bromodichloromethane	No	Quarterly	8.4	7.6	9.2	Ug/l			
Dibromochloromethane	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	1.2	Ug/l			
Bromoform	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Total Trihalomethane	No	Quarterly	59.9	59.8	60.0	Ug/l		80 A violation occurs if the running annual average of the four most recent sets of quarterly samples exceeds 80 (ug/l)	
Microbiological (Bacteria)									
Coliform	No	Negative	A violation occurs when more than 5.0% of the total coliform samples are positive						
No positive samples of 7 taken									
E Coli	No	A violation occurs when a total coliform positive sample is positive for E Coli							
No positive samples of 7 taken									
Nitrates (as N)	No	January Annually	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	Mg/l		<0.2-10	Fertilizers, animal waste, wastes

TOWN OF BRUNSWICK
Water Test Results District No. 6
(Public Water Supply Identification Number NY 4100056)

2010 Annual Water Quality Report

Table of Detected Contaminants

Contaminant	Violation Yes/No	Date of Sample	Value or Average	Low	High	Unit measurement	MCLG	Regulatory Limit (MCL TT or AL)	Likely source of contamination
Dibromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			Formed by reaction of Chlorine with naturally occurring organics
Dichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	5.3	5.2	5.4	Ug/l			
Monobromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Monochloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	Ug/l			
Trichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	13.5	12.0	15.0	Ug/l			
Total haloacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	8.8	17.2	20.4	Ug/l		60	
Chloroform	No	Quarterly	52.2	47.6	56.8	Ug/l			
Bromodichloromethane	No	Quarterly	8.35	8.1	8.6	Ug/l			
Dibromochloromethane	No	Quarterly	1.15	1.0	1.3	Ug/l			
Bromoform	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Total Trihalomethane	No	Quarterly	61.7	57.5	65.9	Ug/l		80 A violation occurs if the running annual average of the four most recent sets of quarterly samples exceeds 80 (ug/l)	
Microbiological (Bacteria)									
Coliform	No	Negative							
No positive samples of 7 taken			A violation occurs when more than 5.0% of the total coliform samples are positive						
E Coli	No								
No positive samples of 7 taken			A violation occurs when a total coliform positive sample is positive for E Coli						
Nitrates (as N)	No	January Annually	0.2	0.2	0.2	Mg/l		<0.2-10	Fertilizers, animal waste, wastes

TOWN OF BRUNSWICK
Water Test Results District No. 7
(Public Water Supply Identification Number NY 4130278)

2010 Annual Water Quality Report

Table of Detected Contaminants

Contaminant	Violation Yes/No	Date of Sample	Value or Average	Low	High	Unit measurement	MCLG	Regulatory Limit (MCL TT or AL)	Likely source of contamination
Dibromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			Formed by reaction of Chlorine with naturally occurring organics
Dichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	18.7	15.5	21.9	Ug/l			
Monobromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Monochloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	Ug/l			
Trichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	12.8	9.6	16.0	Ug/l			
Total haloacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	31.5	25.1	37.9	Ug/l		60	
Chloroform	No	Quarterly	46.9	39.5	54.3	Ug/l			
Bromodichloromethane	No	Quarterly	7.75	7.6	7.9	Ug/l			
Dibromochloromethane	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	1.1	Ug/l			
Bromoform	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Total Trihalomethane	No	Quarterly	55.2	48.5	61.9	Ug/l		80 A violation occurs if the running annual average of the four most recent sets of quarterly samples exceeds 80 (ug/l)	
Microbiological (Bacteria)									
Coliform	No	Negative							
No positive samples of 8 taken			A violation occurs when more than 5.0% of the total coliform samples are positive						
E Coli	No								
No positive samples of 8 taken			A violation occurs when a total coliform positive sample is positive for E Coli						
Nitrates (as N)	No	January Annually	0.3	0.3	0.3	Mg/l		<0.2-10	Fertilizers, animal waste, wastes

TOWN OF BRUNSWICK
Water Test Results District No. 8
(Public Water Supply Identification Number NY 4130279)

2010 Annual Water Quality Report

Table of Detected Contaminants

Contaminant	Violation Yes/No	Date of Sample	Value or Average	Low	High	Unit measurement	MCLG	Regulatory Limit (MCL TT or AL)	Likely source of contamination
Dibromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			Formed by reaction of Chlorine with naturally occurring organics
Dichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	19.1	16.0	22.2	Ug/l			
Monobromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Monochloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	Ug/l			
Trichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	14.45	10.0	18.9	Ug/l			
Total haloacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	33.55	26.0	41.1	Ug/l		60	
Chloroform	No	Quarterly	44.9	36.8	53.0	Ug/l			
Bromodichloromethane	No	Quarterly	7.6	7.5	7.7	Ug/l			
Dibromochloromethane	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	1.0	Ug/l			
Bromoform	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Total Trihalomethane	No	Quarterly	53.0	45.5	60.5	Ug/l		80 A violation occurs if the running annual average of the four most recent sets of quarterly samples exceeds 80 (ug/l)	
Microbiological (Bacteria)									
Coliform	No	Negative							
No positive samples of 7 taken			A violation occurs when more than 5.0% of the total coliform samples are positive						
E Coli	No								
No positive samples of 7 taken			A violation occurs when a total coliform positive sample is positive for E Coli						
Nitrates (as N)	No	January Annually	0.3	0.3	0.3	Mg/l		<0.2-10	Fertilizers, animal waste, wastes

TOWN OF BRUNSWICK
Water Test Results District No. 9
(Public Water Supply Identification Number NY 4130280)

2010 Annual Water Quality Report

Table of Detected Contaminants

Contaminant	Violation Yes/No	Date of Sample	Value or Average	Low	High	Unit measurement	MCLG	Regulatory Limit (MCL TT or AL)	Likely source of contamination	
Dibromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			Formed by reaction of Chlorine with naturally occurring organics	
Dichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	18.25	16.5	20.0	Ug/l				
Monobromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l				
Monochloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	Ug/l				
Trichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	13.05	10.5	15.6	Ug/l				
Total haloacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	31.3	27.0	35.6	Ug/l		60		
Chloroform	No	Quarterly	49.0	41.4	56.6	Ug/l				
Bromodichloromethane	No	Quarterly	8.05	8.0	8.1	Ug/l				
Dibromochloromethane	No	Quarterly	1.1	1.0	1.2	Ug/l				
Bromoform	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l				
Total Trihalomethane	No	Quarterly	58.15	50.7	65.6	Ug/l		80 A violation occurs if the running annual average of the four most recent sets of quarterly samples exceeds 80 (ug/l)		
Microbiological (Bacteria)										
Coliform	No	Negative	1 positive sample of 11 taken 10							A violation occurs when more than 5.0% of the total coliform samples are positive
E Coli	No	No positive samples of 11 taken								A violation occurs when a total coliform positive sample is positive for E Coli
Nitrates (as N)	No	January Annually	0.3	0.3	0.3	Mg/l		<0.2-10	Fertilizers, animal waste, wastes	

TOWN OF BRUNSWICK
Water Test Results District No. 10
(Public Water Supply Identification Number NY 4130281)

2010 Annual Water Quality Report

Table of Detected Contaminants

Contaminant	Violation Yes/No	Date of Sample	Value or Average	Low	High	Unit measurement	MCLG	Regulatory Limit (MCL TT or AL)	Likely source of contamination
Dibromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			Formed by reaction of Chlorine with naturally occurring organics
Dichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	18.2	15.8	20.6	Ug/l			
Monobromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Monochloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	Ug/l			
Trichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	13.65	9.7	17.6	Ug/l			
Total haloacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	31.85	25.5	38.2	Ug/l		60	
Chloroform	No	Quarterly	45.95	36.0	55.9	Ug/l			
Bromodichloromethane	No	Quarterly	7.7	7.6	7.8	Ug/l			
Dibromochloromethane	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	1.1	Ug/l			
Bromoform	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Total Trihalomethane	No	Quarterly	54.2	44.7	63.7	Ug/l		80 A violation occurs if the running annual average of the four most recent sets of quarterly samples exceeds 80 (ug/l)	
Copper	No	Bi-Annual	0.05	<0.02	0.08	Mg/l		<0.02-1.3	
Lead	No	Bi-Annual	0.0013	<0.001	0.003	Mg/l		<0.001-0.015	
Microbiological (Bacteria)									
Coliform	No	Negative							
No positive samples of 7 taken			A violation occurs when more than 5.0% of the total coliform samples are positive						
E Coli	No								
No positive samples of 7 taken			A violation occurs when a total coliform positive sample is positive for E Coli						
Nitrates (as N)	No	January Annually	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3	Mg/l		<0.2-10	Fertilizers, animal waste, wastes

TOWN OF BRUNSWICK
Water Test Results District No. 11
(Public Water Supply Identification Number NY 4130300)

2010 Annual Water Quality Report

Table of Detected Contaminants

Contaminant	Violation Yes/No	Date of Sample	Value or Average	Low	High	Unit measurement	MCLG	Regulatory Limit (MCL TT or AL)	Likely source of contamination
Dibromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			Formed by reaction of Chlorine with naturally occurring organics
Dichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	10.25	6.0	12.7	Ug/l			
Monobromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Monochloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	7.38	<2.0	25.0	Ug/l			
Trichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	10.88	6.7	17.8	Ug/l			
Total haloacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	27.38	18.4	39.0	Ug/l		60	
Chloroform	No	Quarterly	35.8	23.0	50.0	Ug/l			
Bromodichloromethane	No	Quarterly	7.08	5.6	9.2	Ug/l			
Dibromochloromethane	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	1.7	Ug/l			
Bromoform	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Total Trihalomethane	No	Quarterly	43.55	28.6	60.9	Ug/l		80 A violation occurs if the running annual average of the four most recent sets of quarterly samples exceeds 80 (ug/l)	
Copper	No	Annually	0.51	<0.02	0.12			<0.02 -1.3	
Lead	No	Annually	0.0012	<0.001	0.004			<0.001 – 0.015	
Microbiological (Bacteria)									
Coliform	No	Negative							
No positive samples of 12 taken			A violation occurs when more than 5.0% of the total coliform samples are positive						
E Coli	No								
No positive samples of 12 taken			A violation occurs when a total coliform positive sample is positive for E Coli						
Nitrates (as N)	No	January Annually	0.3	0.3	0.3	Mg/l		<0.2-10	Fertilizers, animal waste, wastes

TOWN OF BRUNSWICK
Water Test Results District No. 12
(Public Water Supply Identification Number NY 4130309)

2010 Annual Water Quality Report

Table of Detected Contaminants

Contaminant	Violation Yes/No	Date of Sample	Value or Average	Low	High	Unit measurement	MCLG	Regulatory Limit (MCL TT or AL)	Likely source of contamination
Dibromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			Formed by reaction of Chlorine with naturally occurring organics
Dichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	15.15	14.0	16.3	Ug/l			
Monobromoacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Monochloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	Ug/l			
Trichloroacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	13.1	10.6	15.6	Ug/l			
Total haloacetic Acid	No	Quarterly	28.25	26.9	29.6	Ug/l		60	
Chloroform	No	Quarterly	51.05	45.4	56.7	Ug/l			
Bromodichloromethane	No	Quarterly	8.25	8.1	8.4	Ug/l			
Dibromochloromethane	No	Quarterly	1.15	1.1	1.2	Ug/l			
Bromoform	No	Quarterly	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	Ug/l			
Total Trihalomethane	No	Quarterly	60.45	55.0	65.9	Ug/l		80 A violation occurs if the running annual average of the four most recent sets of quarterly samples exceeds 80 (ug/l)	
Microbiological (Bacteria)									
Coliform	No	Negative	A violation occurs when more than 5.0% of the total coliform samples are positive						
No positive samples of 7 taken									
E Coli	No	A violation occurs when a total coliform positive sample is positive for E Coli							
No positive samples of 7 taken									
Nitrates (as N)	No	January Annually				Mg/l		<0.2-10	Fertilizers, animal waste, wastes